## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations SDS ID: GR9240-US-SDS-PL Issue date: 9/2/2020 Revision date: 12/16/2020 Supersedes: 12/16/2020 Version: 2.0

.1. Identification		
Product form Trade name Product code	: Mixture : GORILLA TOUGH UNDERCOATING AEROSOL : GR9240	
.2. Recommended use and restrie	tions on use	
lse of the substance/mixture Recommended use	<ul><li>Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers</li><li>Coating</li></ul>	
I.3. Supplier		
Supplier Sorillabedliner P.O. Box 5095 Thillipsburg, NJ 08865 Inited States upport@gorillabedliner.com - www.gorilla	abedliner.com	
I.4. Emergency telephone number		
or emergencies only. Call CHEMTREC:	1-800-424-9300. CCN22975.	

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### **GHS US classification**

Flammable aerosol Category 1 Gases under pressure Liquefied gas Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2 Carcinogenicity Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2

#### Extremely flammable aerosol Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated Causes skin irritation Causes serious eye irritation Suspected of causing cancer May cause drowsiness or dizziness May cause damage to organs (hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation)

#### 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

#### GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)

Signal word (GHS US) Hazard statements (GHS US)



: Extremely flammable aerosol Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated Causes skin irritation Causes serious eye irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness Suspected of causing cancer

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	May cause damage to organs (hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation)
Precautionary statements (GHS US)	: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
	Keep out of reach of children.
	Obtain special instructions before use.
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
	Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
	Do not breathe vapors, spray, fume.
	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.
	If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
	If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present
	and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
	Store locked up.
	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
	Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

### **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

### 3.1. Substances

### Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
methyl acetate	CAS-No.: 79-20-9	23 – 43	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene	-	5 – 23	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304

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Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	CAS-No.: 1174921- 73-3	5 – 23	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined	CAS-No.: 68855-54-9	< 5	STOT RE 2, H373
talc	CAS-No.: 14807-96-6	< 5	Carc. 2, H351
carbon black	CAS-No.: 1333-86-4	< 5	Carc. 2, H351

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4: First-aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measures	
First-aid measures general First-aid measures after inhalation First-aid measures after skin contact	<ul> <li>IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.</li> <li>Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.</li> <li>Wash skin with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.</li> </ul>
First-aid measures after eye contact First-aid measures after ingestion	<ul> <li>Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.</li> <li>Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.</li> </ul>
4.2. Most important symptoms and eff	ects (acute and delayed)
Symptoms/effects Symptoms/effects after skin contact Symptoms/effects after eye contact	<ul> <li>May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>Irritation.</li> <li>Eye irritation.</li> </ul>

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures		
5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing	j media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.	
5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical		
Fire hazard Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire	<ul><li>Extremely flammable aerosol.</li><li>Toxic fumes may be released.</li></ul>	
5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters		
Protection during firefighting	: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.	

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures
6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment

: Safety glasses. Protective clothing. Gloves.

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Emergency procedures	: Ventilate spillage area. No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Do not breathe vapors, spray, fume. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
6.1.2. For emergency responders	
Protective equipment	: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".
6.2. Environmental precautions	
Avoid release to the environment.	
6.3. Methods and material for containr	nent and cleaning up
For containment Methods for cleaning up Other information	<ul> <li>Contain released product, pump into suitable containers. Collect spillage.</li> <li>Mechanically recover the product. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.</li> <li>Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.</li> </ul>
6.4. Reference to other sections	
For further information refer to section 13.	

7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safe handling	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe vapors, spray, fume. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Hygiene measures	: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including	ng any incompatibilities
Storage conditions	: Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Storage temperature	: <25 ℃
Special rules on packaging	: Keep only in original container.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

GORILLA TOUGH UNDERCOATING AEROSOL
No additional information available
kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-54-9)
No additional information available
reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene
No additional information available
hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics (1174921-73-3)
No additional information available

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carbon black (1333-86-4)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Lin	nits
Local name	Carbon black
ACGIH OEL TWA	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Inhalable fraction)
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Bronchitis. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans)
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Lim	its
Local name	Carbon black
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1
methyl acetate (79-20-9)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Lin	nits
Local name	Methyl acetate
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	200 ppm
ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	250 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Headache; dizziness; nausea; eye dam (degeneration of ganglion cells in the retina)
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Lim	its
Local name	Methyl acetate
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	610 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	200 ppm
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1
talc (14807-96-6)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Lin	nits
Local name	Talc
ACGIH OEL TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Respirable fraction. The value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica)
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	0.1 fibers/cm <sup>3</sup> (Containing asbestos fibers. F - Respirable fibers)
Remark (ACGIH)	Containing no asbestos fibers = TLV® Basis: Pulm fibrosis; pulm func. Notations: A4 Containing asbestos fibers = TLV® Basis: Pneumoconiosis; lung cancer; mesothelioma. Notations: A1 (Confirmed Human Carcinogen)
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Lim	its
Local name	Talc (not containing asbestos) (Silicates (less than 1% crystalline silica))
OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	20 mppcf
Remark (OSHA)	Table Z-3. CAS No. source: eCFR Table Z-1.
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts

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8.2. Appropriate engineering controls	
Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls	<ul> <li>Ensure good ventilation of the work station.</li> <li>Avoid release to the environment.</li> </ul>
	. Avoid felease to the environment.
8.3. Individual protection measures/Perse	onal protective equipment
Personal protective equipment:	
Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses.	
Materials for protective clothing:	
Impermeable clothing	
Hand protection:	
Protective gloves	
Eye protection:	
Safety glasses	
Skin and body protection:	
Wear suitable protective clothing	
Respiratory protection:	
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable re	spiratory equipment
Personal protective equipment symbol(s):	

#### Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: aerosol.
Color	: Black
Odor	: characteristic
Odor threshold	: No data available
H	: No data available
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: -60 °C
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Extremely flammable aerosol.
√apor pressure	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Density	: 0.99 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Solubility	: insoluble in water. soluble in most organic solvents.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available

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Viscosity, dynamic Explosion limits Explosive properties Oxidizing properties	<ul> <li>No data available</li> <li>No data available</li> <li>No data available</li> <li>No data available</li> </ul>
9.2. Other information	
VOC content Gas group As Packaged Regulatory VOC As Packaged Actual VOC As Applied Regulatory VOC As Applied Actual VOC Percent Solids Percent Solids Volatiles Water Content Water Content Exempt Compounds by weight Maximum Incremental Reactivity (MIR) MIR EPA Aerosol Category	<ul> <li>578 g/l</li> <li>Press. Gas (Liq.)</li> <li>446 g/l (3.7 lb/gal)</li> <li>317 g/l (2.6 lb/gal)</li> <li>446 g/l (3.7 lb/gal)</li> <li>317 g/l (2.6 lb/gal)</li> <li>40.67 wt%</li> <li>19.83 vol %</li> <li>59.3 wt%</li> <li>0 wt%</li> <li>0 vol %</li> <li>27 wt% methyl acetate</li> <li>0.82</li> <li>Auto Body Primer - ABP 1.55</li> </ul>
MIR CARB Aerosol Category Bay Area Aerosol Category	: Auto Body Primer - Specialty Coatings (A) - ABP 0.95 : Speciality Coatings - Auto Body Primer - max. 80% VOC

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Extremely flammable aerosol.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

**10.4. Conditions to avoid** 

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

**10.5. Incompatible materials** 

No additional information available

**10.6. Hazardous decomposition products** 

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### **11.1. Information on toxicological effects**

Acute toxicity (oral)	
Acute toxicity (dermal)	
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	

- Not classifiedNot classified
- : Not classified

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kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-	54-9)
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 2.6 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)
reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene a	and p-xylene
LD50 oral rat	3523 mg/kg (EU Method B.1 (Acute Toxicity (Oral), rat, male)
LD50 dermal rabbit	12126 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	6350 ppm/4h (4 h, EU Method B.2 (Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)), rat, male, Inhalation, vapours)
ATE US (oral)	3523 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	1100 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	6350 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h
hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkar	nes, cyclics, <2% aromatics (1174921-73-3)
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg
carbon black (1333-86-4)	
LD50 oral rat	> 8000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 4.6 mg/l air (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 4 h, Rat, Experimental value, Inhalation (dust))
methyl acetate (79-20-9)	
LD50 oral rat	6482 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.3 (Acute Toxicity (Dermal)), Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	49 mg/l
ATE US (oral)	6482 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (vapors)	49 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	49 mg/l/4h
talc (14807-96-6)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 423: Acute Oral Toxicity – Acute Toxic Class Method, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity, 24 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 2.1 mg/l (OECD 403: Acute Inhalation Toxicity, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (aerosol), 15 day(s))
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer.

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reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
carbon black (1333-86-4)	·
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
talc (14807-96-6)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable, 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
Reproductive toxicity :	Not classified
STOT-single exposure :	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and	l p-xylene
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes	s, cyclics, <2% aromatics (1174921-73-3)
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
methyl acetate (79-20-9)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT-repeated exposure :	May cause damage to organs (hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).
kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-54-	9)
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	3737.9 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90- Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and	l p-xylene
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	150 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity)
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	150 mg/kg bodyweight/day ( OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents), female)
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
methyl acetate (79-20-9)	
LOAEC (inhalation,rat,vapor,90 days)	2000 mg/l
NOAEC (inhalation,rat,vapor,90 days)	1057 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
•	Not classified
Viscosity, kinematic :	No data available
Symptoms/effects :	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
-,	Irritation.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact :	Eye irritation.

SECTION 12: Ecological information	
12.1. Toxicity	
Ecology - general	: The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

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reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene		
LC50 - Fish [1]	2.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 3.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia	
NOEC chronic fish	> 1.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '56 d'	
hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes	, cyclics, <2% aromatics (1174921-73-3)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	10 – 100 mg/l	
NOEC chronic fish	1 mg/l	
carbon black (1333-86-4)		
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 1000 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Danio rerio, Semi-static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 5600 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 24 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Locomotor effect)	
ErC50 algae	> 10000 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Desmodesmus subspicatus, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)	
methyl acetate (79-20-9)		
LC50 - Fish [1]	250 – 350 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio)	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1026.7 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna	
talc (14807-96-6)		
LC50 - Fish [1]	89581 mg/l (ECOSAR v1.00, 96 h, Pisces, Fresh water, QSAR)	

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-54-9)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable.	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable	
ThOD	Not applicable	
BOD (% of ThOD)	Not applicable	
carbon black (1333-86-4)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability in soil: not applicable. Biodegradability: not applicable.	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable (inorganic)	
ThOD	Not applicable (inorganic)	
methyl acetate (79-20-9)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.	
talc (14807-96-6)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable.	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable	
ThOD	Not applicable	
BOD (% of ThOD)	Not applicable	

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12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-54-9)		
Bioaccumulative potential	No test data of component(s) available.	
carbon black (1333-86-4)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.	
methyl acetate (79-20-9)		
BCF - Fish [1]	< 1 (Pisces, Literature study)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.18 (Experimental value, 20 °C)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).	
talc (14807-96-6)		
BCF - Other aquatic organisms [1]	3.162 l/kg (BCFBAF v3.01, Fresh water, QSAR)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-9.4 (QSAR, KOWWIN, 25 °C)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).	

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

carbon black (1333-86-4)		
Surface tension	Not applicable (solid)	
Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not toxic to plants. Not toxic to animals.	
methyl acetate (79-20-9)		
Surface tension	24 mN/m (20 °C)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	0.18 (log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP)	
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.	
talc (14807-96-6)		
Ecology - soil	Adsorbs into the soil.	
12.5. Other adverse effects		

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations	
13.1. Disposal methods	
Regional legislation (waste) Waste treatment methods	<ul><li>Disposal must be done according to official regulations.</li><li>Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.</li></ul>

SECTION 14: Transport information	
14.1. UN number	
DOT NA No UN-No. (TDG)	: UN1950 : UN1950

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UN-No. (IMDG) UN-No. (IATA)	: 1950 : 1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) Proper Shipping Name (TDG) Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	<ul> <li>Aerosols</li> <li>AEROSOLS</li> <li>AEROSOLS</li> <li>Aerosols, flammable</li> </ul>
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
<b>DOT</b> Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) Hazard labels (DOT)	: 2.1 : 2.1
<b>TDG</b> Transport hazard class(es) (TDG) Hazard labels (TDG)	: 2.1 : 2.1
IMDG Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) Hazard labels (IMDG)	: 2.1 : 2.1
IATA Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) Hazard labels (IATA)	: 2.1 : 2.1
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group (DOT) Packing group (TDG) Packing group (IMDG) Packing group (IATA)	<ul> <li>Not applicable</li> <li>Not applicable</li> <li>Not applicable</li> <li>Not applicable</li> </ul>
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Other information	: No supplementary information available.
14.6. Special precautions for user	
DOT UN-No.(DOT) DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	<ul> <li>UN1950</li> <li>N82 - See 173.306 of this subchapter for classification criteria for flammable aerosols.</li> <li>306</li> <li>None</li> <li>None</li> <li>75 kg</li> <li>150 kg</li> </ul>

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: A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.			
<ul> <li>25 - Protected from sources of heat,87 - Stow "separated from" Class 1 (explosives) except</li> <li>Division 14,126 - Segregation same as for Class 9, miscellaneous hazardous materials</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>UN1950</li> <li>80 - Despite section 1.17 of Part 1 (Coming into Force, Repeal, Interpretation, General Provisions and Special Cases), a person must not offer for transport or transport these dangerous goods unless they are in a means of containment that is in compliance with the requirements for transporting gases in Part 5 (Means of Containment),107 - (1) These Regulations, except for Part 1 (Coming into Force, Repeal, Interpretation, General Provisions and Special Cases) and Part 2 (Classification), do not apply to the handling, offering for transport or transporting of UN1950, AEROSOLS, and UN2037, GAS CARTRIDGES, that contain dangerous goods included in Class 2.1 or Class 2.2 and that are transported on a road vehicle, a railway vehicle or a vessel on a domestic voyage, if the aerosols or gas cartridges have a capacity less than or equal to 50 mL.</li> <li>(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to self-defence spray.</li> </ul>			
: 1L			
: E0			
: 75 L			
: 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959			
: P207, LP200			
: PP87, L2			
: F-D - FIRE SCHEDULE Delta - FLAMMABLE GASES			
: S-U - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Uniform - GASES (FLAMMABLE, TOXIC OR CORROSIVE)			
: None			
: E0			
: Y203			
: 30kgG : 203			
: 75kg			
: 203			
: 150kg : A145, A167, A802			
. A 143. A 107. AQUZ			

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

Commercial status of components according to the United States Environmental Protection Agency's Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA):

Name	CAS-No.	Listing	Commercial status	Flags
kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined	68855-54-9	Present	Active	
reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p- xylene		Present	Active	

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Name	CAS-No.	Listing	Commercial status	Flags
hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	1174921-73-3	Present	Active	
carbon black	1333-86-4	Present	Active	
methyl acetate	79-20-9	Present	Active	
talc	14807-96-6	Present	Active	

This product or mixture is not known to contain a toxic chemical or chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration as specified in 40 CFR §372.38(a) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

#### 15.2. International regulations

### CANADA

kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-54-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics (1174921-73-3)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### carbon black (1333-86-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### methyl acetate (79-20-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### talc (14807-96-6)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

### **EU-Regulations**

No additional information available

### National regulations

kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-54-9)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

### carbon black (1333-86-4)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

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### 15.3. US State regulations

This product can expose you to carbon black, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Component	State or local regulations
kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined(68855-54-9)	U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
talc(14807-96-6)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
methyl acetate(79-20-9)	U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. – New York City – Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
carbon black(1333-86-4)	U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

### SECTION 16: Other information

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. Revision date	58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations : 12/16/2020
NFPA health hazard	: 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.
NFPA fire hazard	<ul> <li>4 - Materials that rapidly or completely vaporize at atmospheric pressure and normal ambient temperature or that are readily dispersed in air and burn readily.</li> </ul>
NFPA reactivity	: 3 - Materials that in themselves are capable of detonation or explosive decomposition or explosive reaction but that require a strong initiating source or must be heated under confinement before initiation.
Hazard Rating	
Health	: 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	: 4 Severe Hazard - Flammable gases, or very volatile flammable liquids with flash points below 73 F, and boiling points below 100 F. Materials may ignite spontaneously with air. (Class IA)
Physical	: 1 Slight Hazard - Materials that are normally stable but can become unstable (self-react) at high temperatures and pressures. Materials may react non-violently with water or undergo hazardous polymerization in the absence of inhibitors.
Personal protection	: B - Safety glasses, Gloves

Indication of changes:			
Section	Changed item	Change	Comments
	Supersedes	Added	
	Revision date	Added	

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.